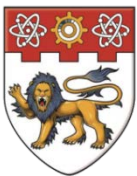


Future Internet: Are we there ?

By

A/Prof. Bu-Sung Lee, Francis
President, SingAREN



NANYANG
TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY

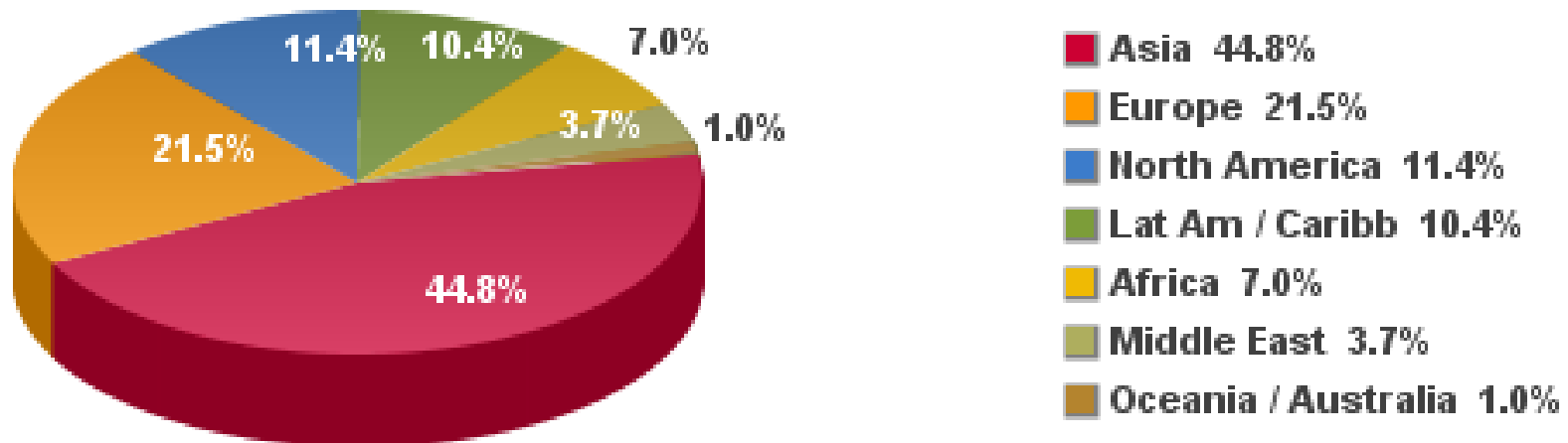
Symposium
on
Future Internet Architecture and Technologies
Kyoto , 2013



Singapore
Advanced Research
and Education Network

Internet Users in the World

Distribution by World Regions - 2012 Q2

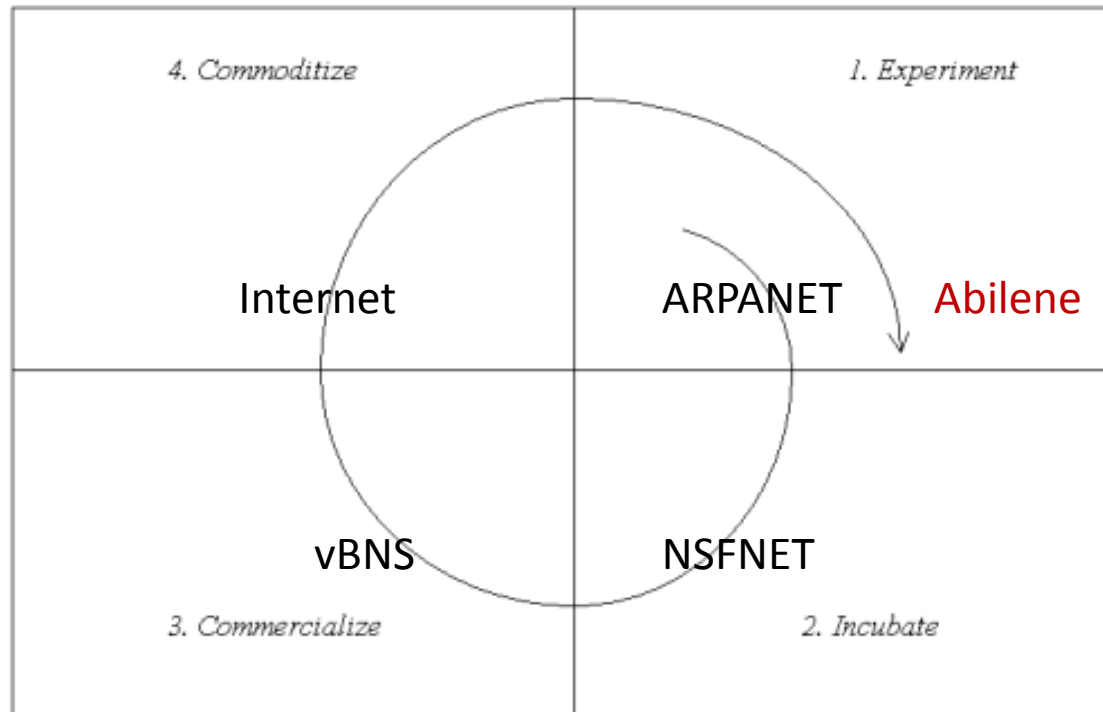


Source: Internet World Stats - www.internetworldstats.com/stats.htm

Basis: 2,405,518,376 Internet users on June 30, 2012

Copyright © 2012, Miniwatts Marketing Group

Life cycle model



Internet2 - 1996

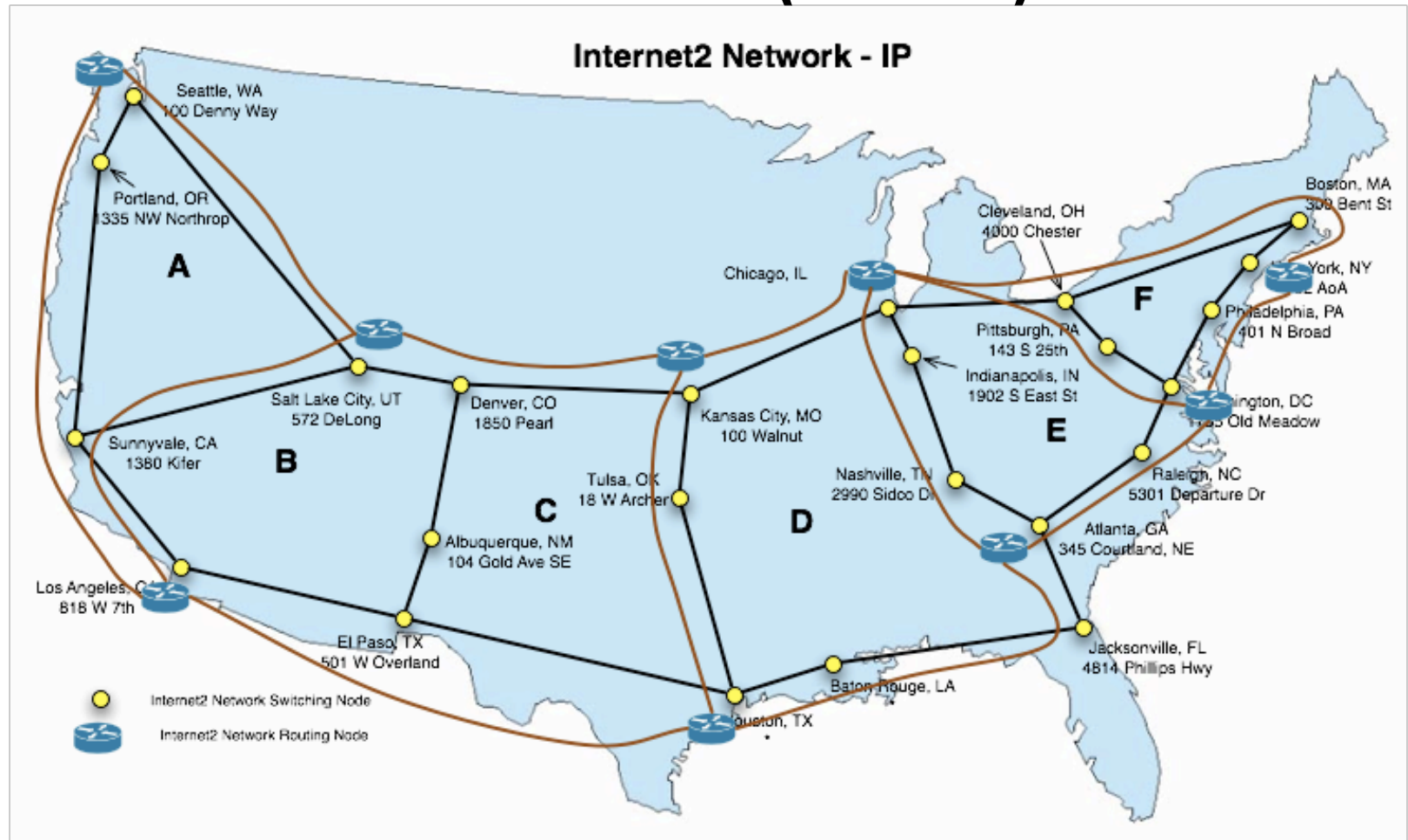


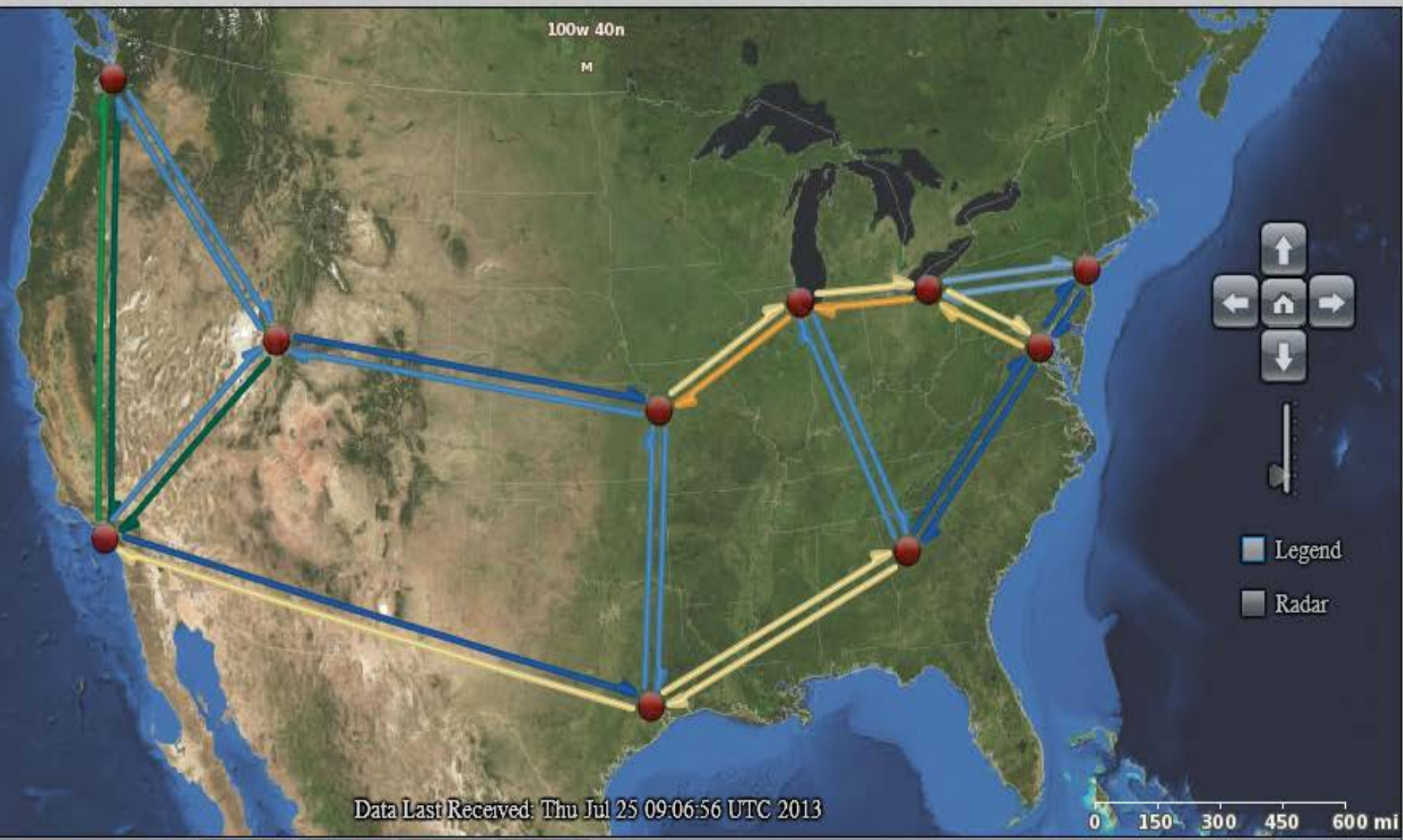
NANYANG
TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY



Singapore
Advanced Research
and Education Network

Internet2 Nationwide Backbone(2006)







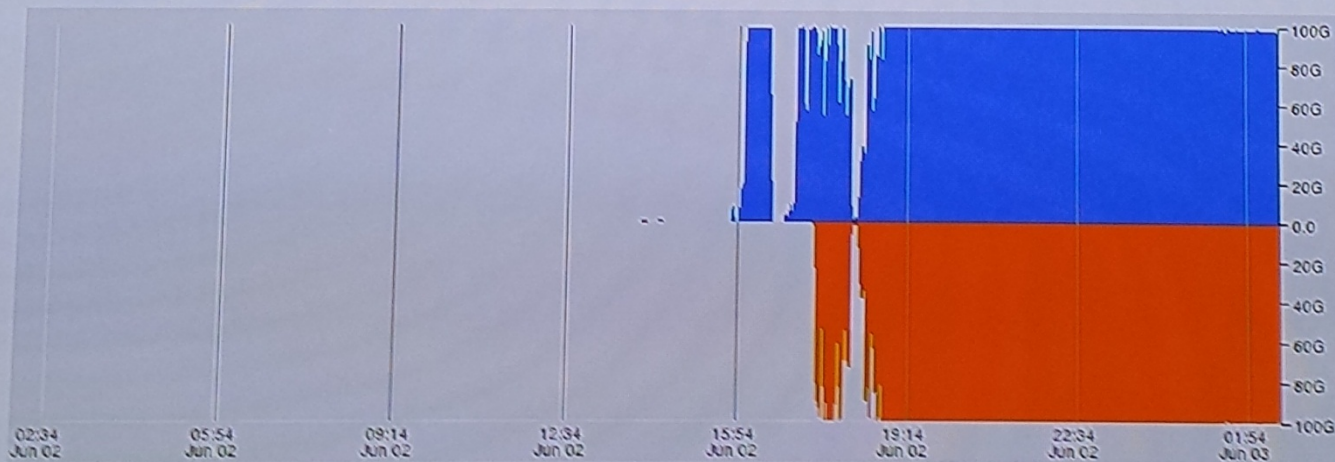
Data will refresh in 23 seconds.

Transatlantic Traffic

Refresh graph Time period: All | **24h** | 6h

■ Amsterdam → MAN LAN ■ MAN LAN → Amsterdam

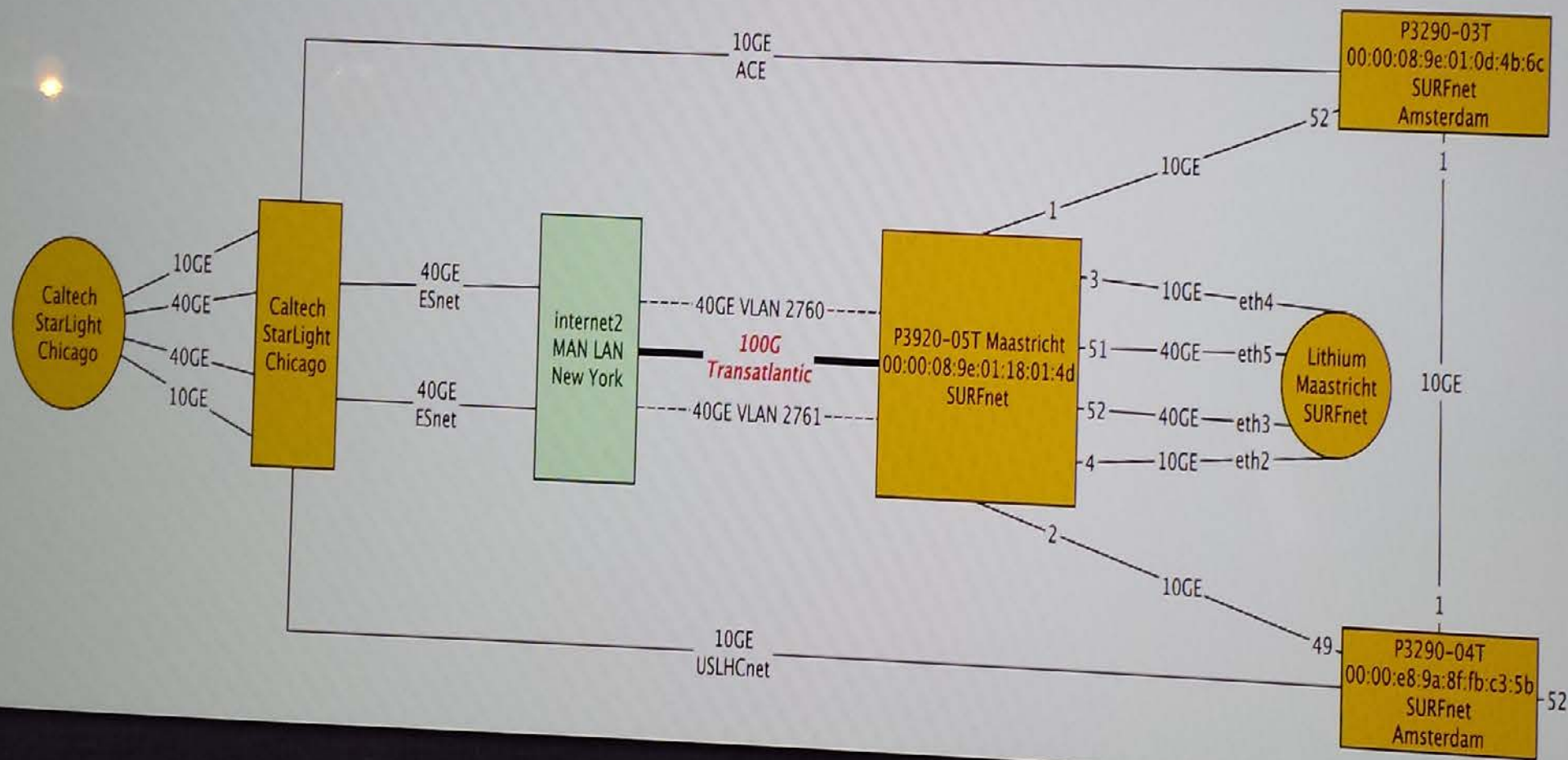
2013-06-02 19:33



NANYANG
TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY

SingAREN

Singapore
Advanced Research
and Education Network



Asia Pacific Region

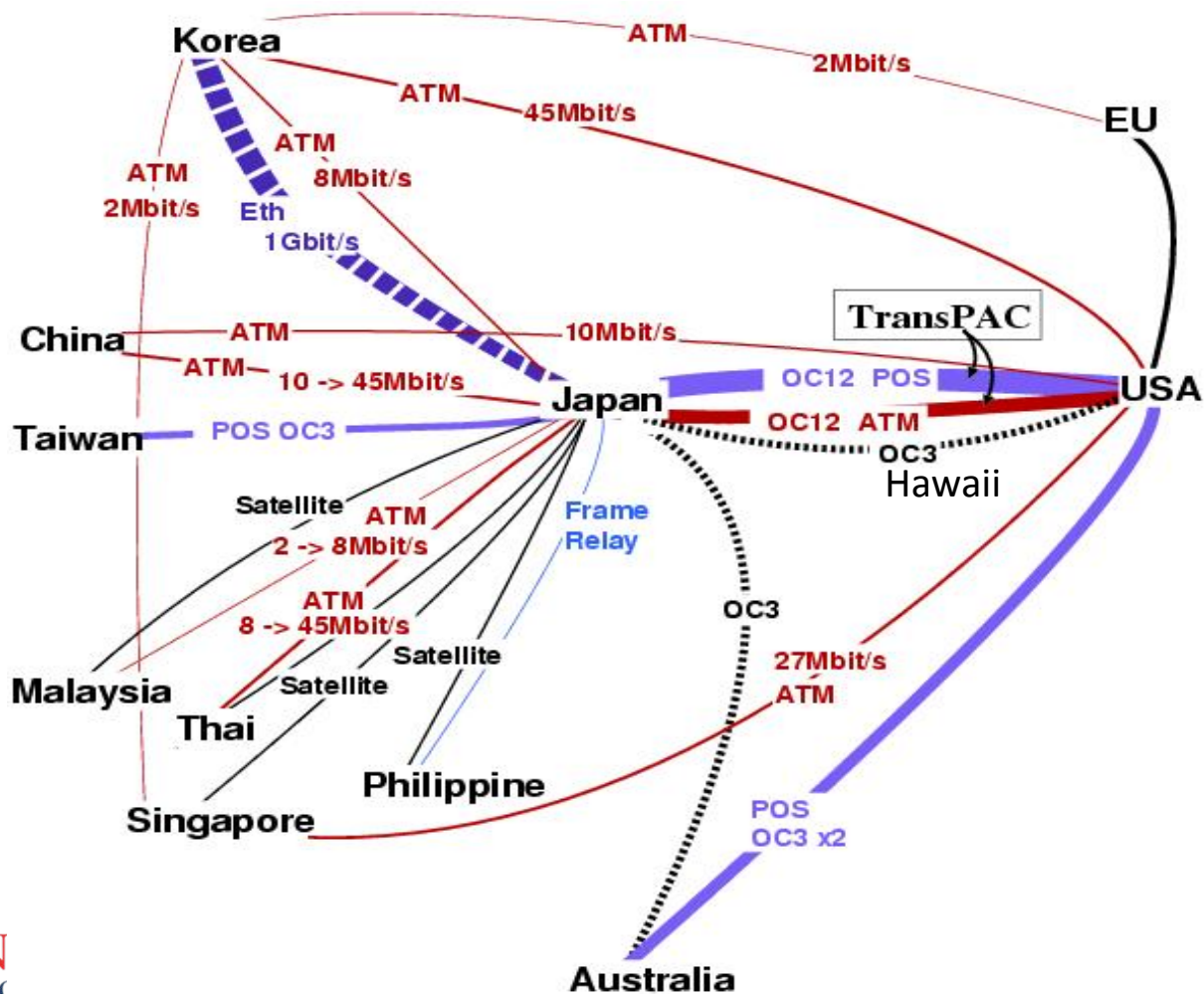


NANYANG
TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY

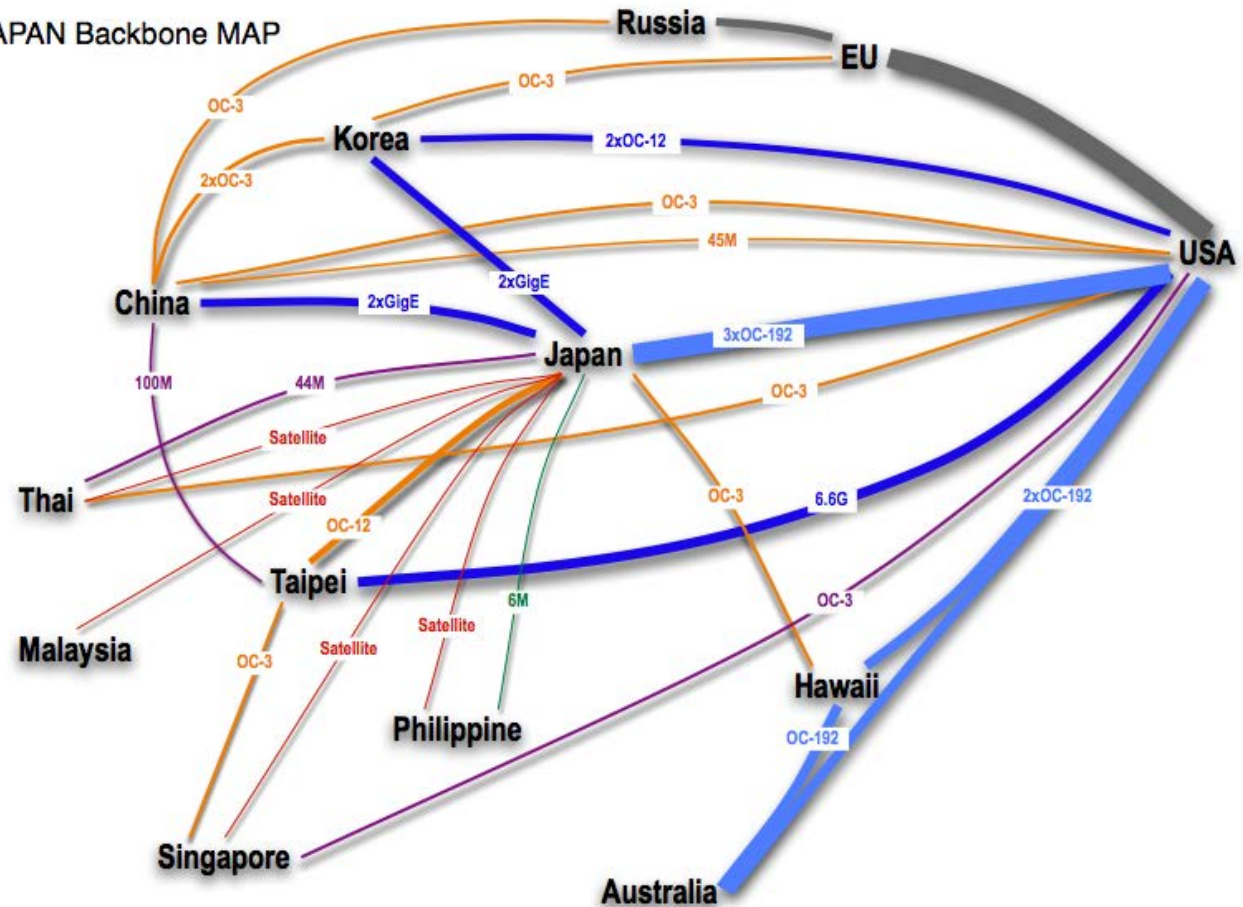


Singapore
Advanced Research
and Education Network

APAN Backbone



APAN Backbone MAP



APAN Backbone Topology as of 1 June 2005
[Diagram Courtesy of APAN-JP NOC]

What is GENI?

Global Environment for Network Innovation

A Nationwide Programmable Facility for Research into Future Internet Technologies

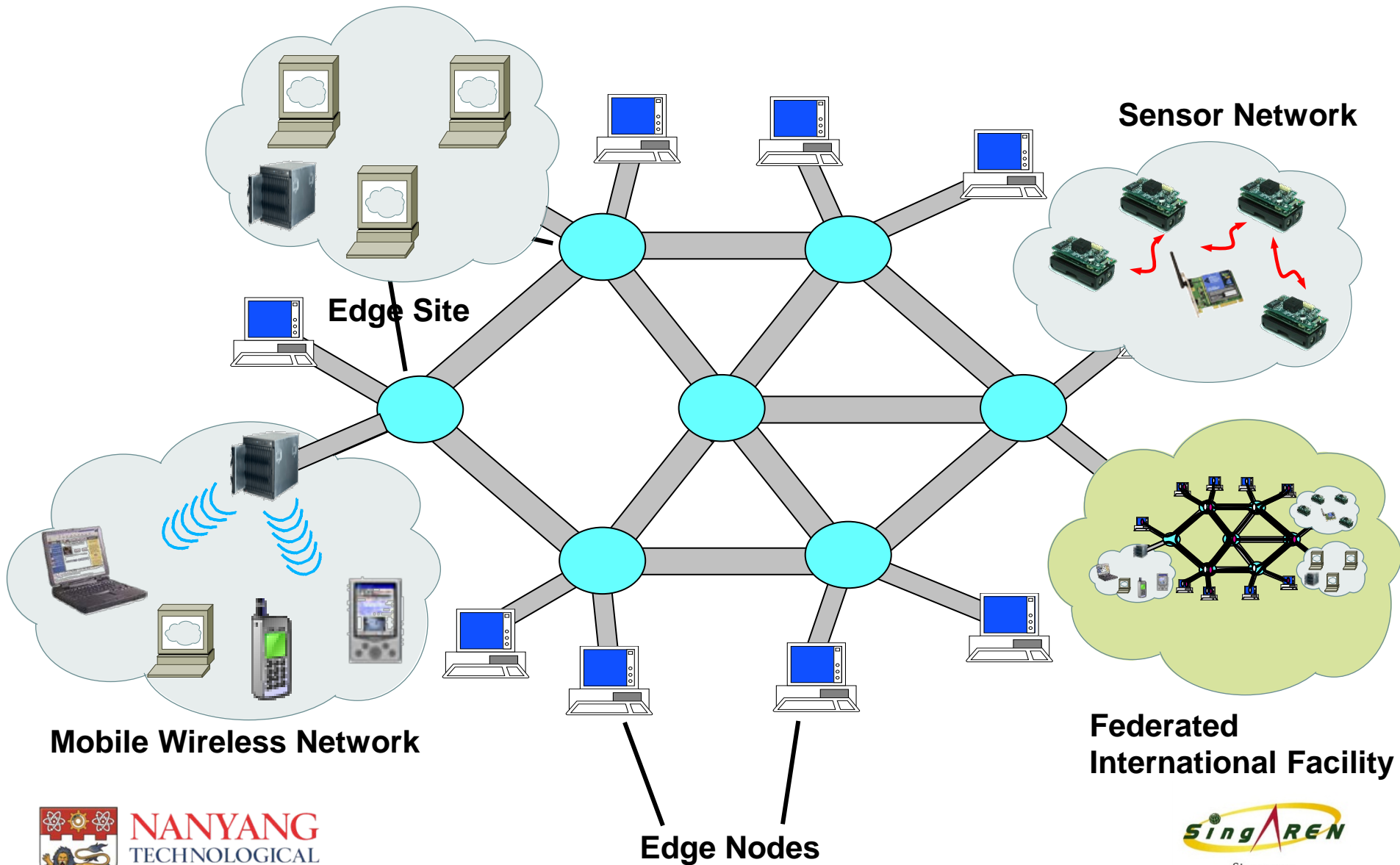
Using a 'Clean-Slate' Approach

- 'Out of the Box' Thinking

Strong Coupling with Physical Technologies

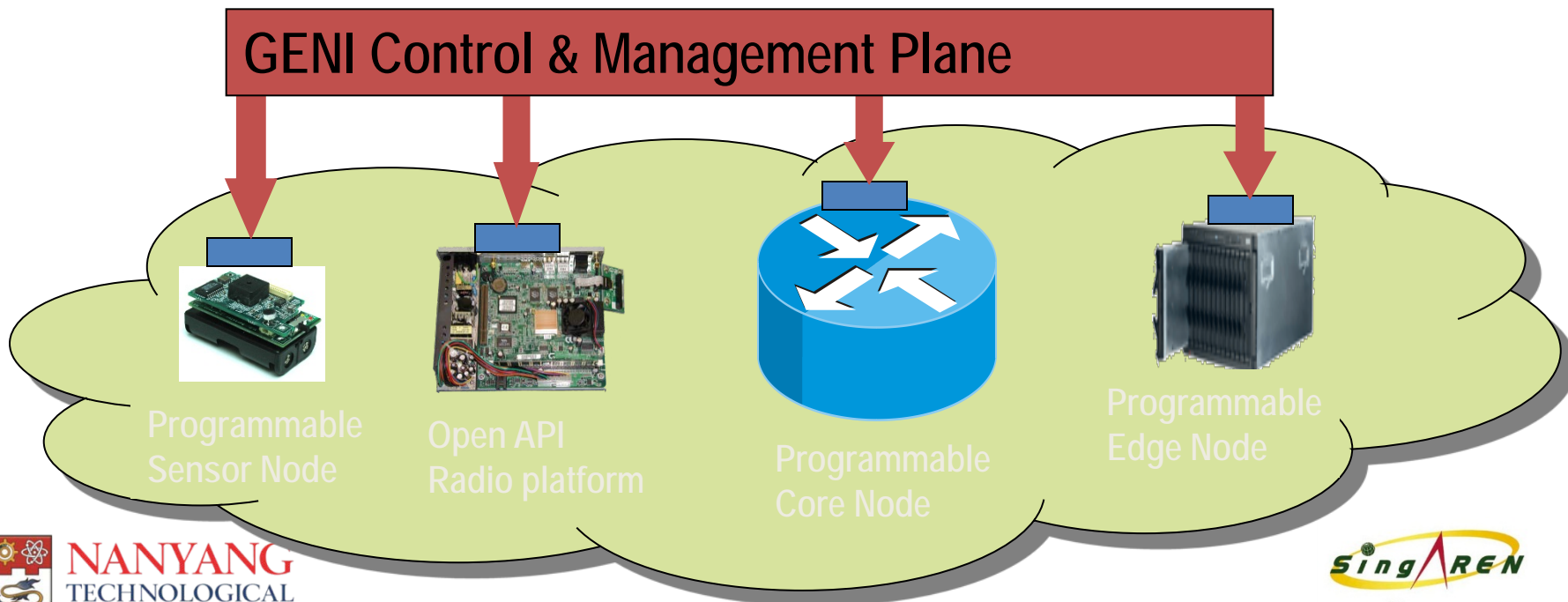
- Wireless Networking
- Optical Networking

Schematic GENI Network

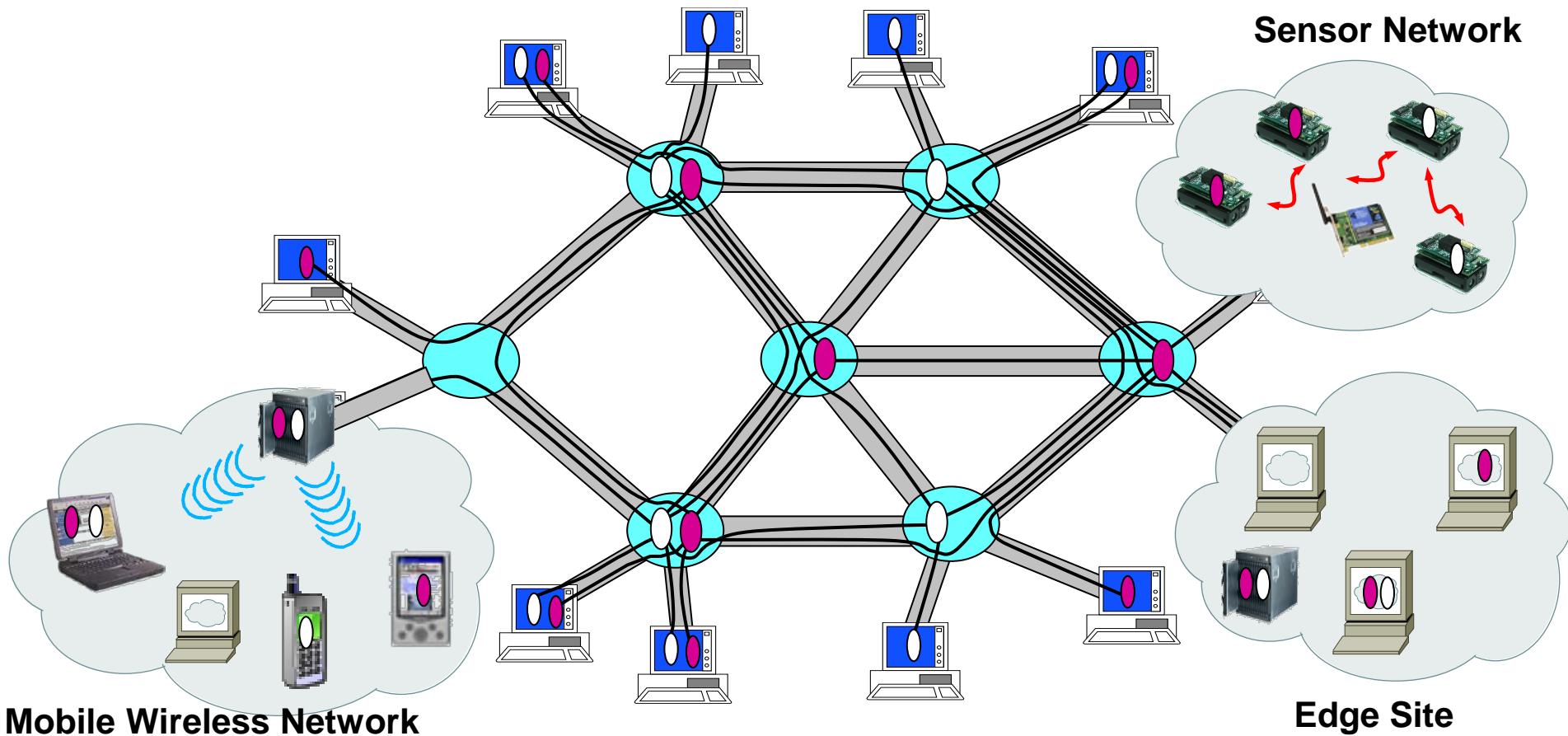


Programmability

**All network elements programmable via open interfaces
and/or downloadable user code**



Slicing and Virtualization



- share resources to support many simultaneous experiments

GENI Design Principles

- Physical network ‘substrate’
 - building block components
 - elements / nodes / links / subnets
- Software control & management framework
 - knits building blocks together
 - allows many parallel experiments (slices)
 - creates arbitrary logical topologies (virtualization)
- Programmable for ‘Clean Slate’ research
- Instrumented for accurate analysis
- Flexible and Phased Design
 - Support Technology Introduction during GENI Lifetime

Current status



InstaGENI



geni

Exploring Networks
of the Future

www.geni.net



Regional nets

- Existing
- New

GENI WiMAX

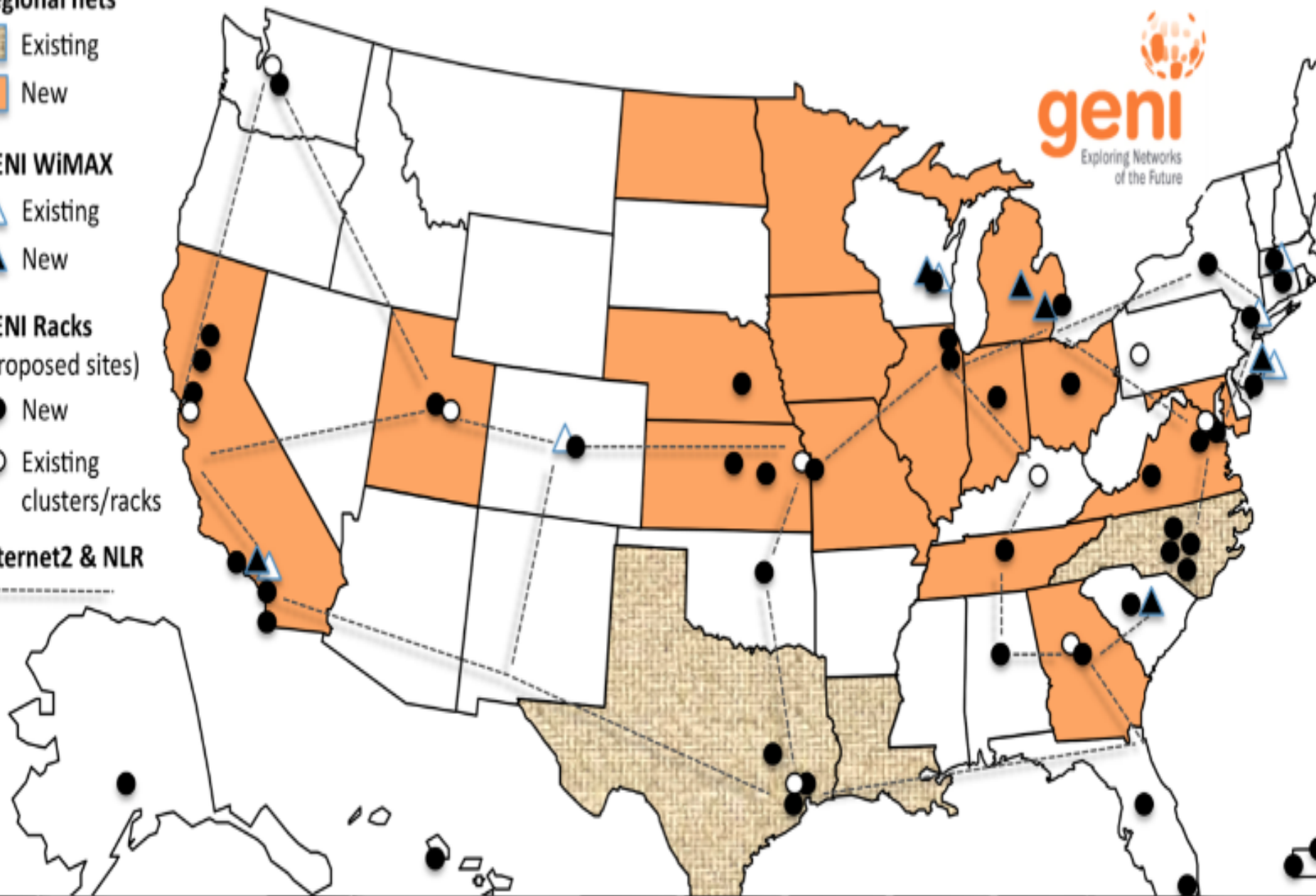
- Existing
- New

GENI Racks

(proposed sites)

- New
- Existing clusters/racks

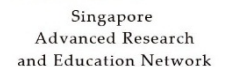
Internet2 & NLR





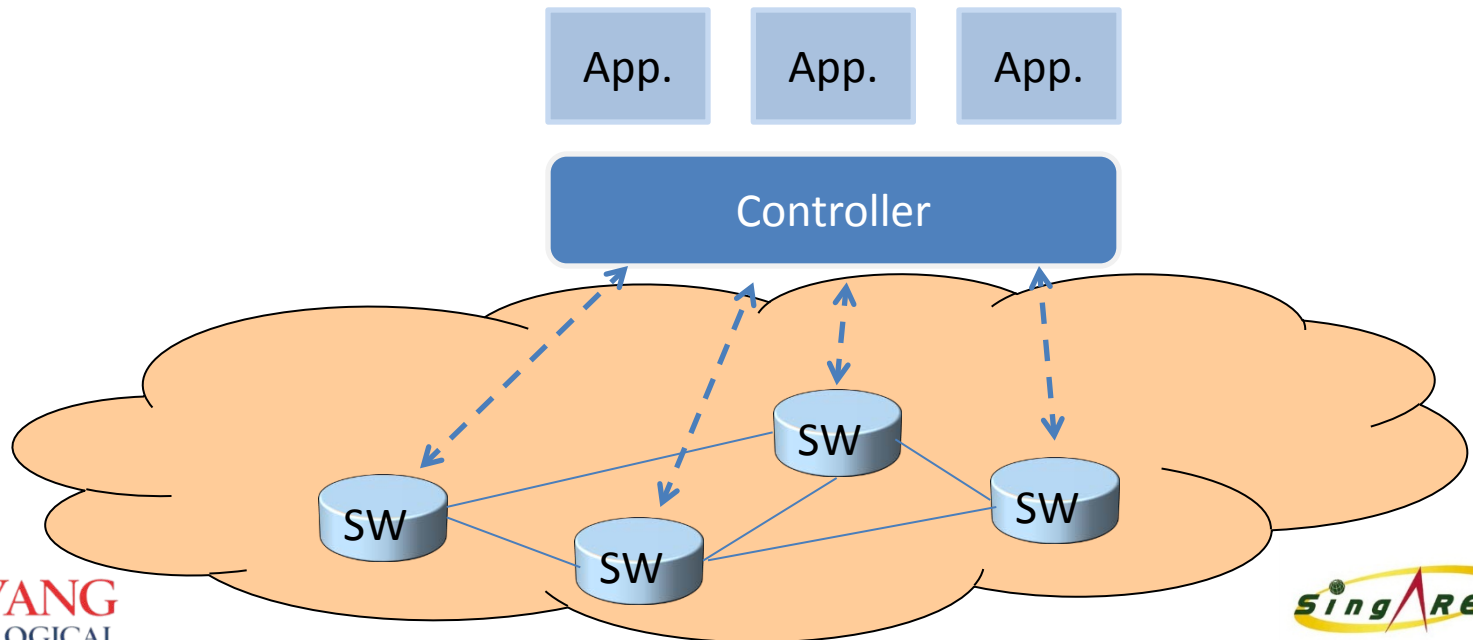
GLIF Map 2011: Global Lambda Integrated Facility Visualization by Robert Patterson, NCSA, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Data Compilation by Maxine D. Brown, University of Illinois at Chicago Texture Retouch by Jeff Carpenter, NCSA Earth Texture, visibleearth.nasa.gov www.glif.is

Visualization courtesy of Bob Patterson, NCSA; data compilation by Maxine Brown, UIC.



What's Openflow ?

- Openflow is an implementation of Software Defined Network. Openflow defines a clear API interface between the controller and switches/forwarding devices.



Challenges in Openflow

- Designed for network engineers and programmers
- Network monitoring and management
- Limited deployment of switches supporting Openflow(especially in WAN)
- Inter-domain

Openflow experiments over RISE



OpenFlow Web Service (cont'd)

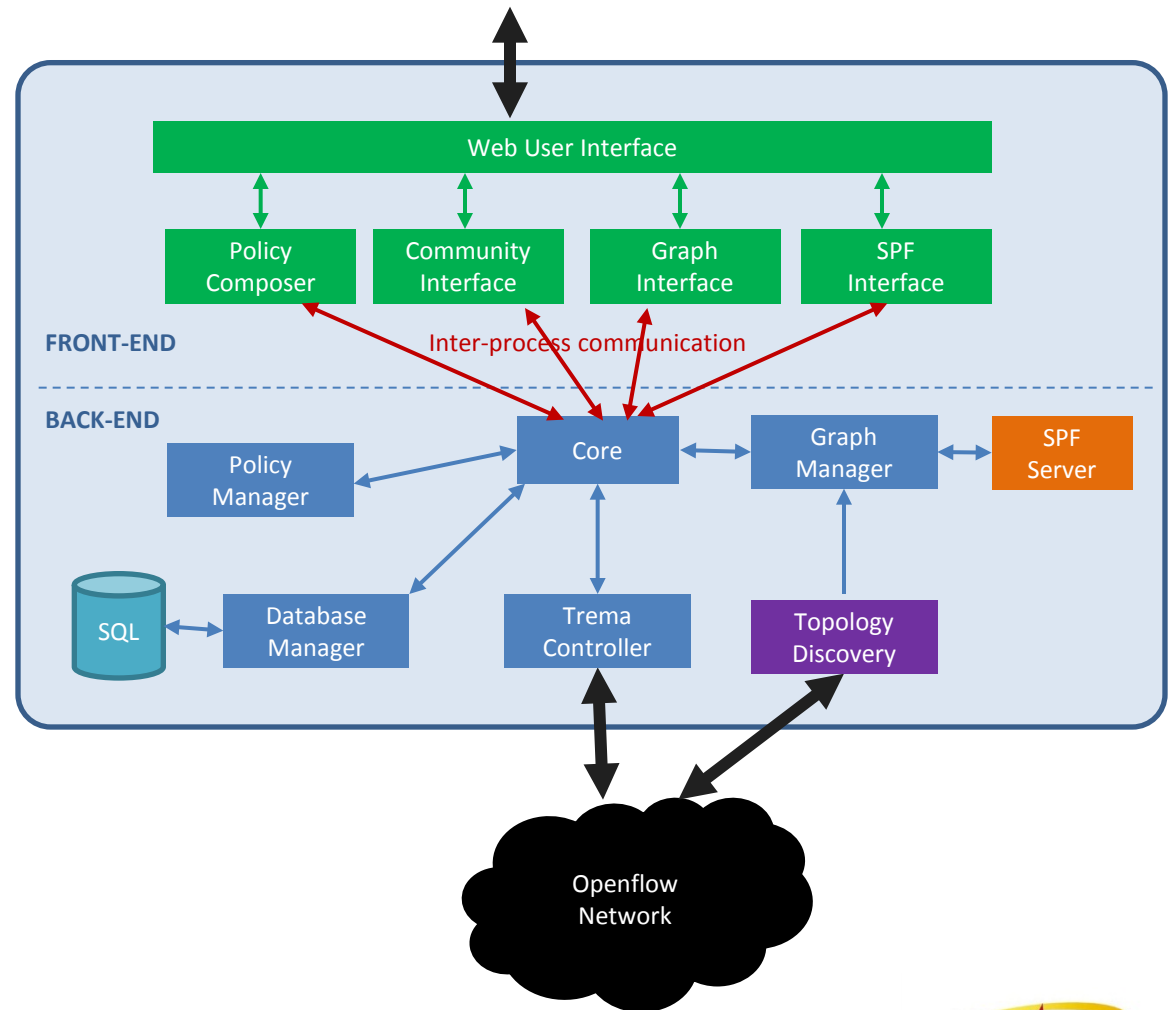


System Front-End

- Web User Interface

System Back-End

- Trema Openflow Controller
- Trema Application (Topology Discovery)
- Shortest Path First Application

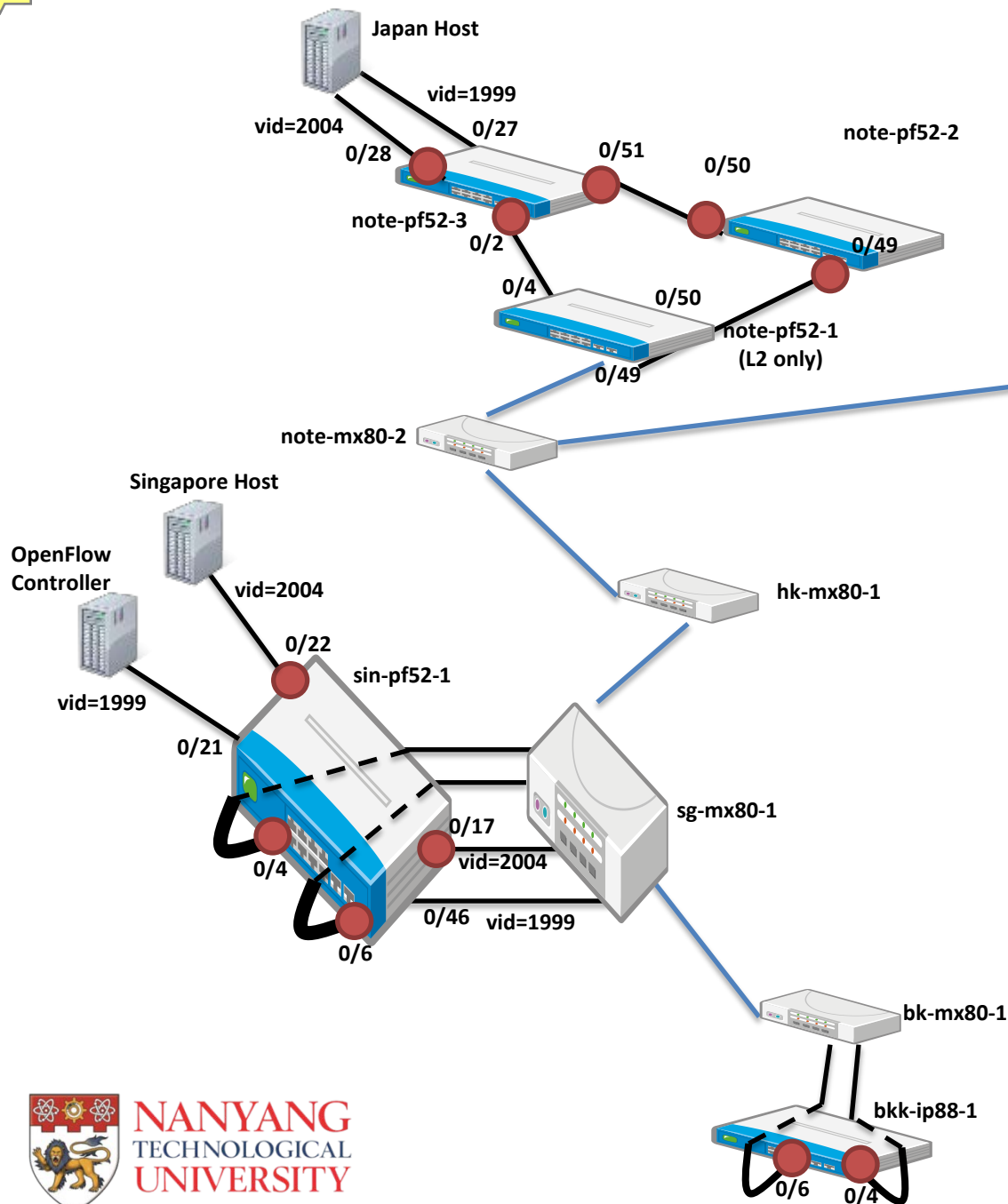


OpenFlow Web Service (cont'd)

Policy Rule : Similar to Openflow Flow (v1.0) match fields, except **in_port**

Policy Path : Directional path from source host to destination host via Openflow switches

The screenshot displays the OpenFlow Web Service interface. On the left, the 'Policy Rule' configuration panel is highlighted with a red dashed border. It includes sections for 'Policy' (Manual, SPF, Community), 'Data Link' (Src MAC, Dst MAC, Eth Type), 'Network' (TOS, Protocol, Src IP, Dst IP), and 'Transport' (Src port, Dst port). A 'Compose' button is at the bottom. On the right, a map of Southeast Asia shows a 'Policy Path' highlighted in red, connecting a source host in Indonesia to a destination host in Japan via several intermediate OpenFlow switches. The map includes labels for various countries and cities, and a red arrow points to the destination host.



RISE testbed Physical connection

* VLAN IDs
1999: Control plane
2004: Data plane

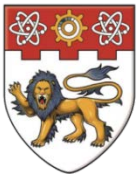
● OpenFlow enable ports



1999: Control plane
2004: Data plane

● OpenFlow enable ports

HYBRID Openflow NETWORK



NANYANG
TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY

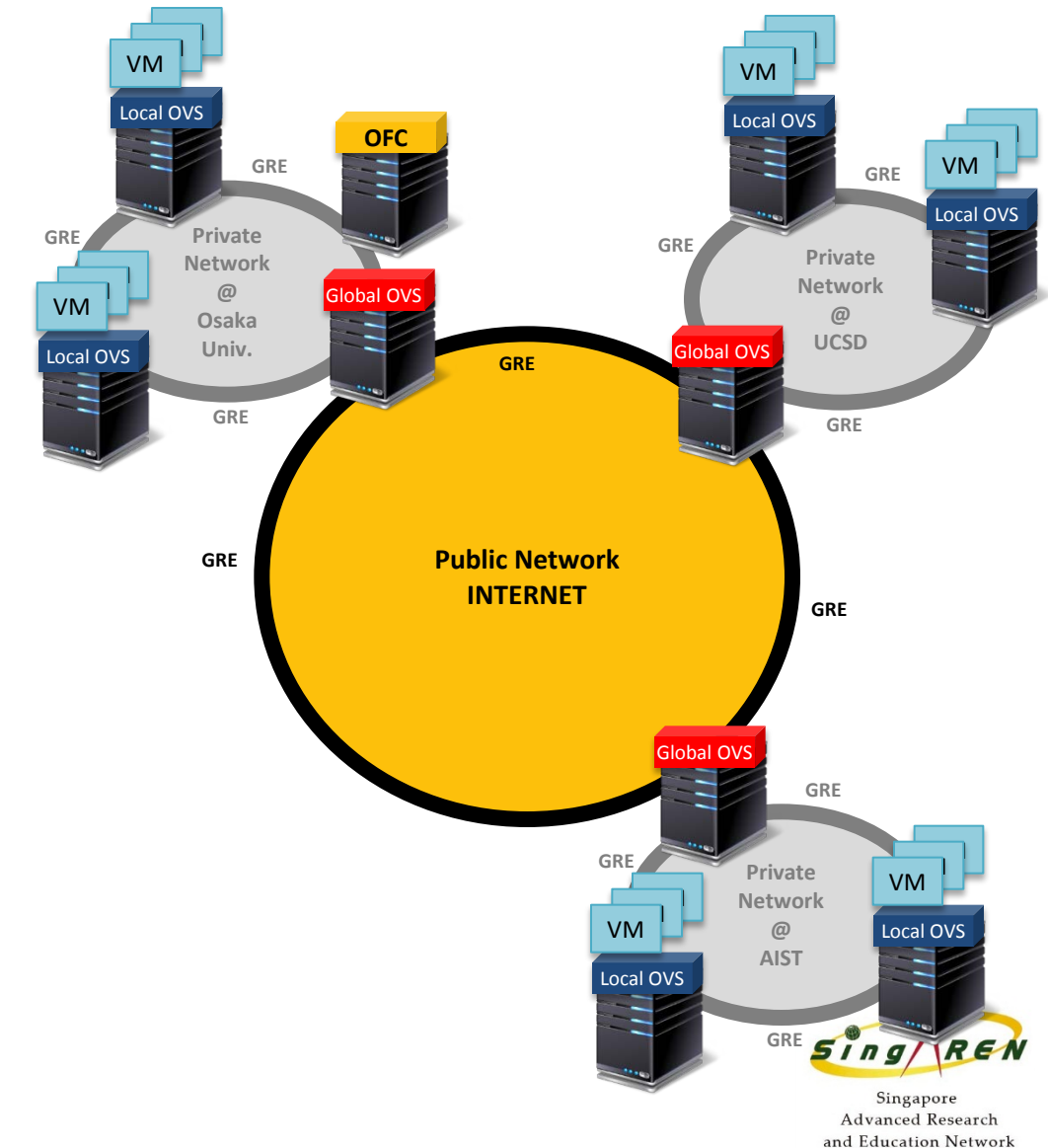


Singapore
Advanced Research
and Education Network

NTU OpenvSwitch (cont'd)

PRAGMA testbed

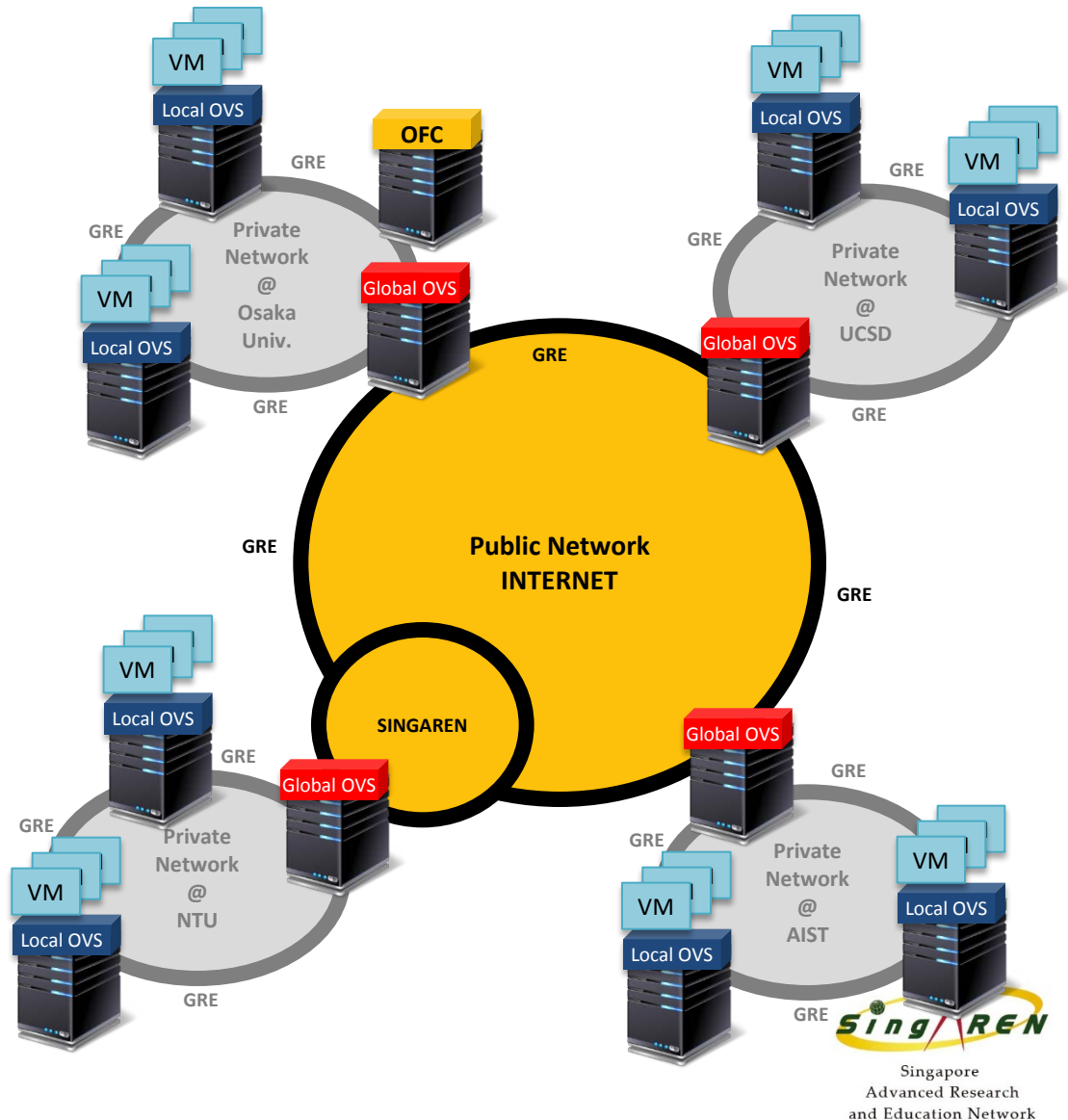
- Provided by PRAGMA
- Developed and implemented by Osaka University, AIST and UCSD
- Setup virtual networks on virtual machines forming Pragma testbed
- Virtual network can be organised using Trema OpenFlow Controller with Sliceable Routing Switch application
- Demonstrated in Pragma22, Bangkok 2013



NTU OpenvSwitch (cont'd)

PRAGMA + NTU

- Aims to connect to existing Pragma testbed in trying deploying remote VM at other site
- Implemented Openvswitch tested in NTU
- Managed to setup connection to Openflow controller at Osaka University



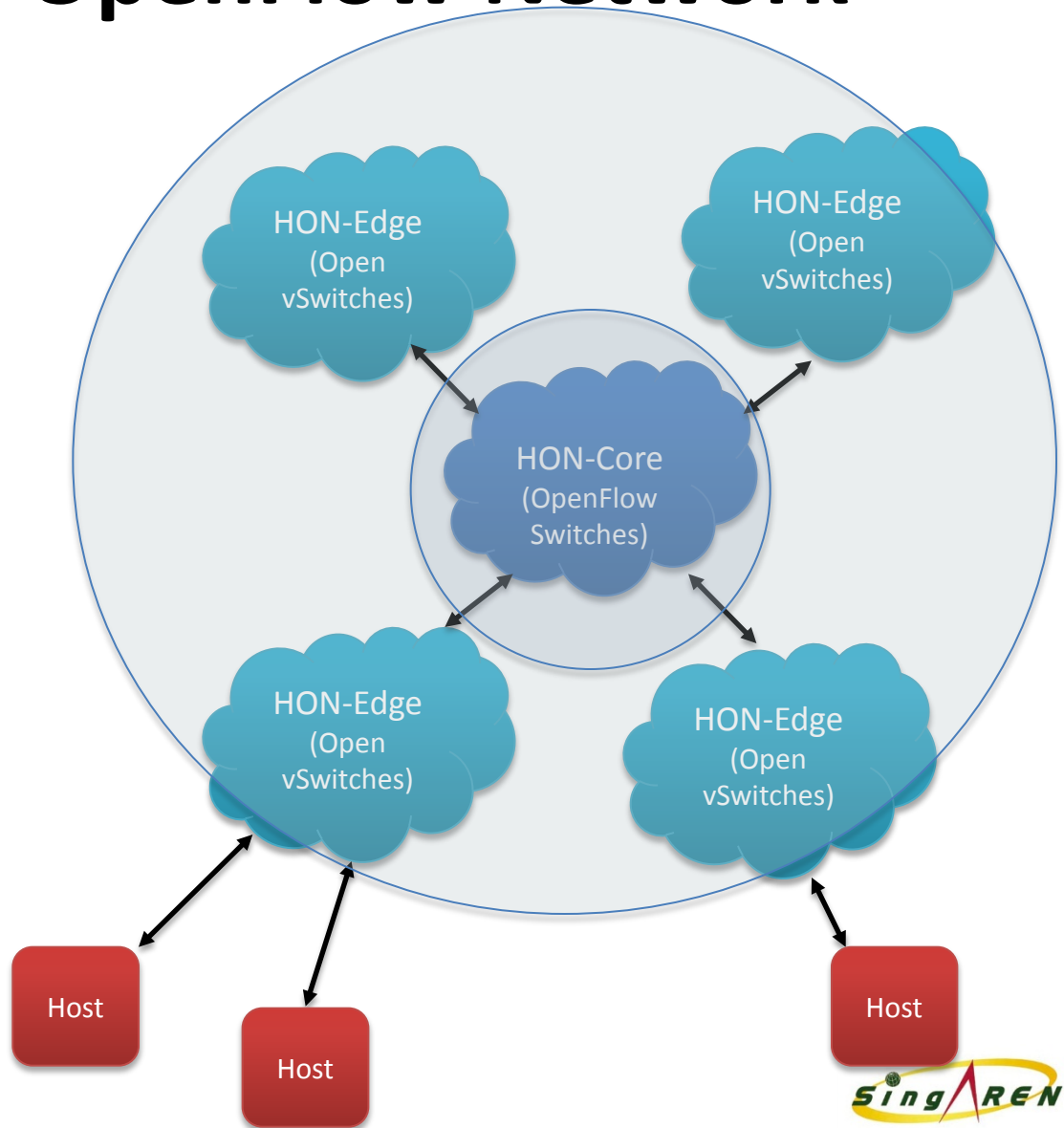
HON – Hybrid OpenFlow Network

Lead researcher:

Zoebir Bong

Aim: To extend hardware-based OpenFlow network with software-based OpenFlow network

- Hardware-based network is an OpenFlow network formed by OpenFlow switches and serves as HON core network
- Software-based network is an OpenFlow network formed by OpenvSwitch servers as HON edge switches



NANYANG
TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY

Summary

- Future Internet has progressed
 - Large International deployment, eg. iGENI
 - Programmable and Open Interface – SDN/Openflow
- What has it enabled ?
 - IN-network services
 - Resilient network





(.flv)

Opening our eyes
a new world of information.

Thank You



NANYANG
TECHNOLOGICAL
UNIVERSITY



Singapore
Advanced Research
and Education Network